CARE OF INFANTS BORN TO PREGNANT WOMEN WITH SUSPECTED OR CONFIRMED COVID-19 INFECTION

MOTHER-INFANT BONDING IS ENCOURAGED AT ALL TIMES IN BOTH PATHWAYS. SHARED DECISION MAKING WITH PARENTS TO DISCUSS CHOICES

SEPARATION PATHWAY CO-LOCATION PATHWAY Neonatal resuscitation in the same room > 6 ft Neonatal resuscitation and further care in a

from the mother (consider a physical barrier e.g., curtain) followed by a bath (once stable)

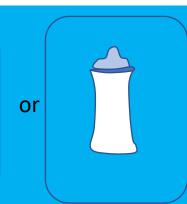
INFANT NUTRITION – SHARED DECISION MAKING WITH PARENTS TO DISCUSS CHOICES





separate room followed by a bath (if stable) and

placement in an isolette.



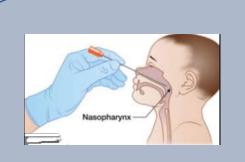
Infant formula

Clean the breast. Express breast with pump while wearing mask and gloves. Expressed breast milk fed by a healthy caretaker



DISCHARGE PROCESS IN ASYMPTOMATIC INFANT

TESTING FOR COVID-19



Consider deep nasal swab at 24 hr. and 48 hr. after birth if rapid turnaround available.

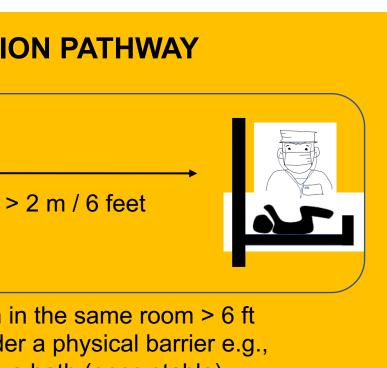
MOTHER positive, **INFANT** negative

Discharge to a healthy caretaker until mother has resolution of symptoms, including fever, for 3 days, and 7 days since onset of symptoms, or two negative COVID-19 tests 24 hours apart.

Discharge to mother with contact and droplet precautions until mother has resolution of symptoms, including fever, for 3 days, and 7 days since onset of symptoms, or two negative COVID-19 tests 24 hours apart.

CLOSE FOLLOW-UP OF MOTHER AND INFANT THROUGH TELE-MEDICINE AND TELEPHONE CALLS. DIRECT PHYSICIAN TO PHYSICIAN HANDOFF VIA PHONE PRIOR TO DISCHARGE WITH PMD.

Adapted from 'Care of Infants born to SARS-CoV2+ pregnant women'. University of California at Davis. March 2020



Both MOTHER + INFANT Positive

Discharge to home with mother. Keep distance from other household members.

